

## Be Their

Voice.

#### **Facts About Child Abuse**

### What is Child Abuse and Neglect?

Child abuse includes physical, sexual, or emotional harm—or risk of harm—to a child under 18, caused by a parent, caregiver, friend, or another trusted adult. Neglect occurs when a parent or caregiver fails to provide proper supervision, food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care—even when resources are available.

#### Who are the Offenders?

Most often, children are abused by someone they know, love, and trust. This can include parents, stepparents, relatives, family friends, teachers, coaches, friends, or other trusted adults.





of cases, the child knows their abuser.

#### **Types of Abuse**



#### **Neglect**

The failure to meet a child's basic needs, including supervision, food, shelter, education, and medical care



#### **Physical Abuse**

Any non-accidental injury to a child, such as hitting, shaking, burning, or striking



#### **Sexual Abuse**

Sadness, irritability, anxiety, low self-worth, self-harm or suicide attempts

# Recognizing the Signs of Abuse or Neglect

One sign alone does not necessarily mean abuse has occurred but it is always worth attention and care.

#### Behavioral Changes \_\_\_\_\_

- Sudden changes in behavior or grades
- Aggression, anger, or acting out
- Fear of certain individuals or being alone with certain individuals
- Sexualized behavior or excessive focus on private body parts
- Changes in eating or sleep patterns
- Regression in toileting (bedwetting or daytime accidents)
- Nightmares
- Risky behaviors
- Hoarding food



#### Physical Signs \_

- Unexplained bruises, welts, cuts, burns, or fractures
- Injuries to the abdomen
- Inappropriate clothing for the weather
- Poor hygiene or frequent absences

### **Emotional Signs** -

- Withdrawal, sadness, or irritability
- Low self-worth
- Self-harm or suicide attempts

### Examples of Neglect \_

- Lack of supervision
- Unsafe living environment
- Poor hygiene or medical neglect
- Chronic absenteeism or not enrolled in school
- Driving under the influence while caring for children



### If You Suspect Abuse: Report It

If you see something or suspect something, you are required by law to report it.

You do not need proof–just reasonable suspicion.





Together, we can restore hope.